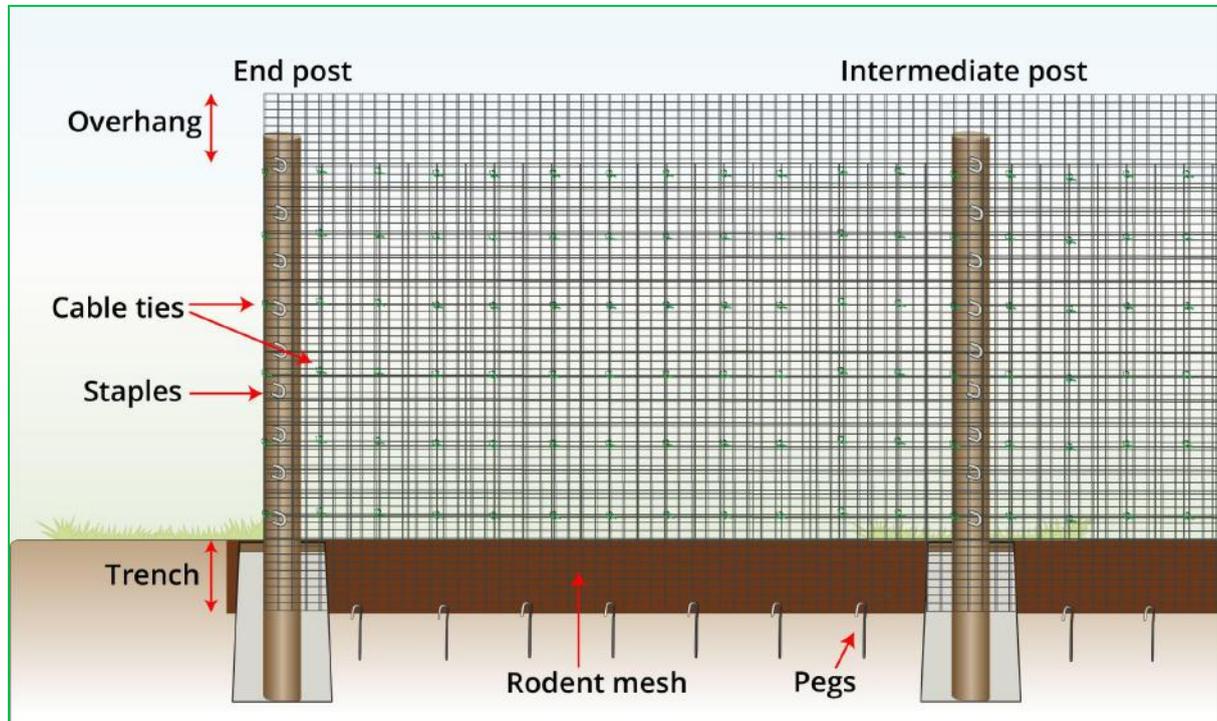


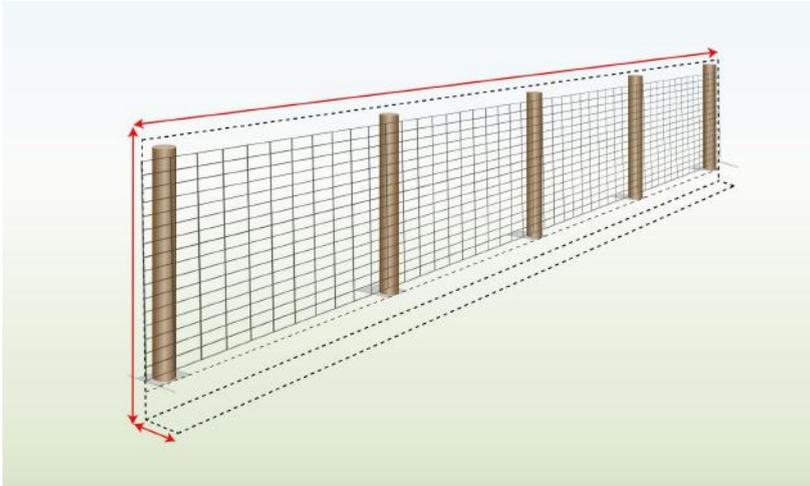
HOW TO RODENT-PROOF A FENCE With Larger Holes



THINGS YOU'LL NEED

- [Mouse & rodent proof mesh](#)
- [Cable ties](#)
- [Staples](#)
- [Pegs](#)
- Tape measure
- Wire cutters
- Protective gloves (if needed)

INSTRUCTIONS



Step 1: Measure the Area & Plan Installation

Measure with a tape measure to determine the length and height of the area for rodent mesh installation.

Account for mesh buried in a 30cm trench (in depth and width) and extend mesh 5-10cm above current fence height to prevent rodent entry. (The overhang size should vary depending on the size of the rodents you aim to prevent from entering.)

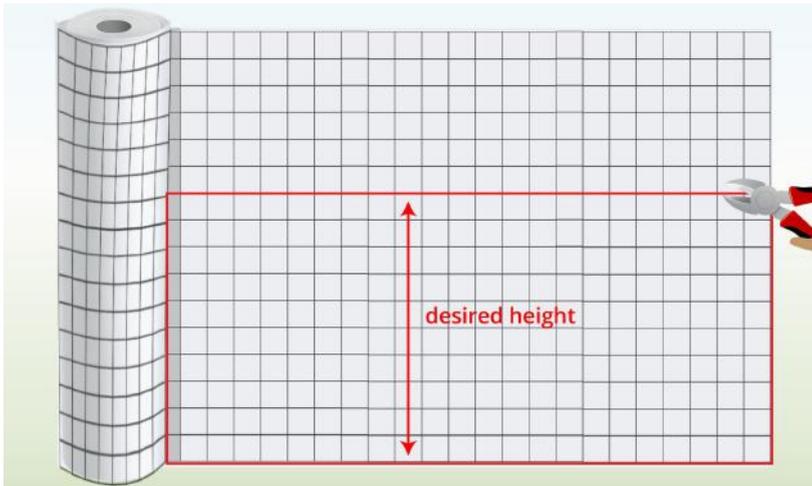
These measurements will assist in calculating the required amount of wire mesh.



Step 2: Dig a Trench

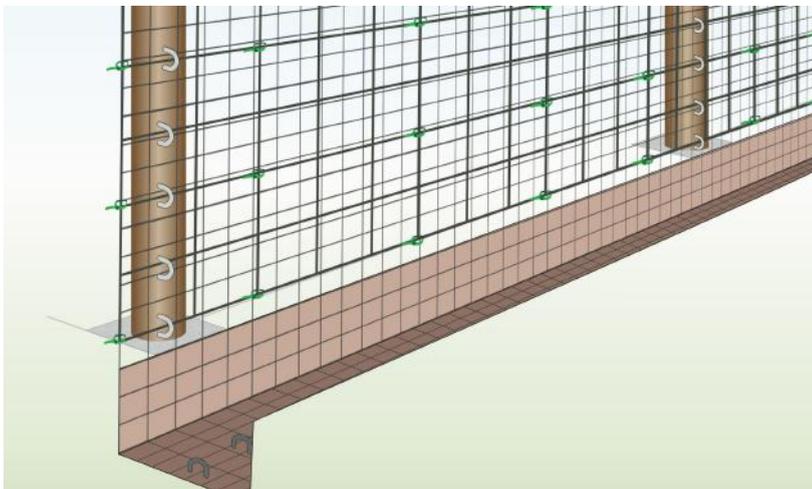
Dig a trench along your fence line at a 30cm depth and width.

This depth is necessary as rodents are skilled diggers and can easily burrow under shallow barriers.



Step 3: Cut Down Mesh (if applicable)

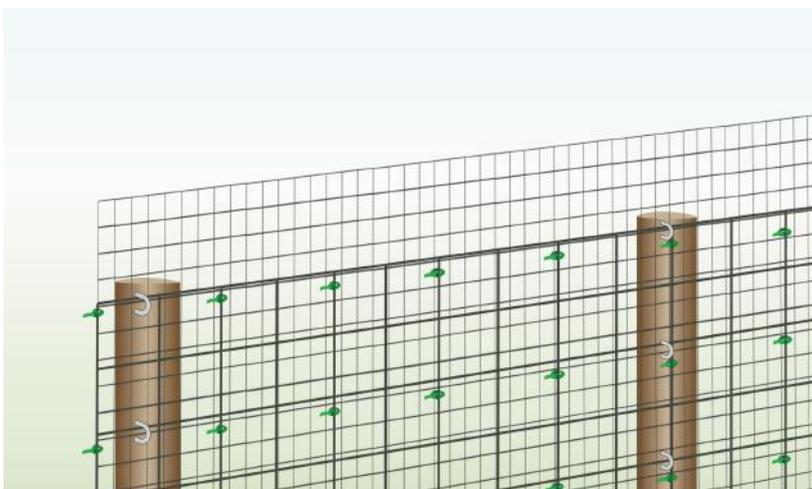
Use wire cutters to cut the mesh to the desired size along the measured line, ensuring adequate overlap at corners and edges for a secure fit.



Step 4: Secure Mesh to the Ground

Prevent rodents from burrowing under the fence by sinking the mesh into the trench and bending it outward at a 90-degree angle.

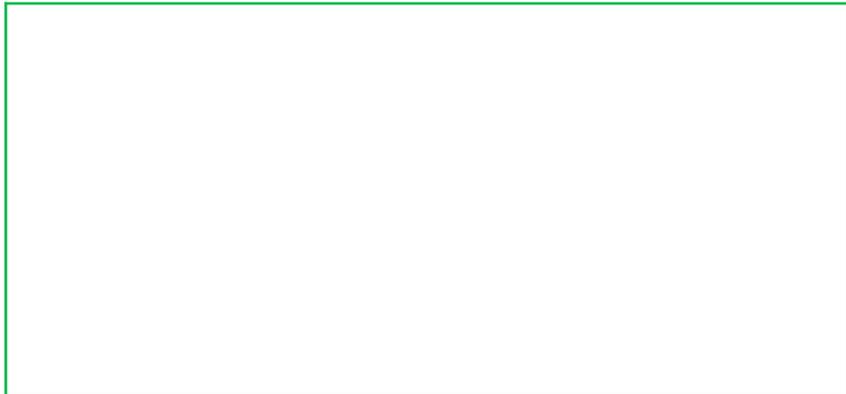
Secure the mesh to the ground with pegs.



Step 5: Create Overhang

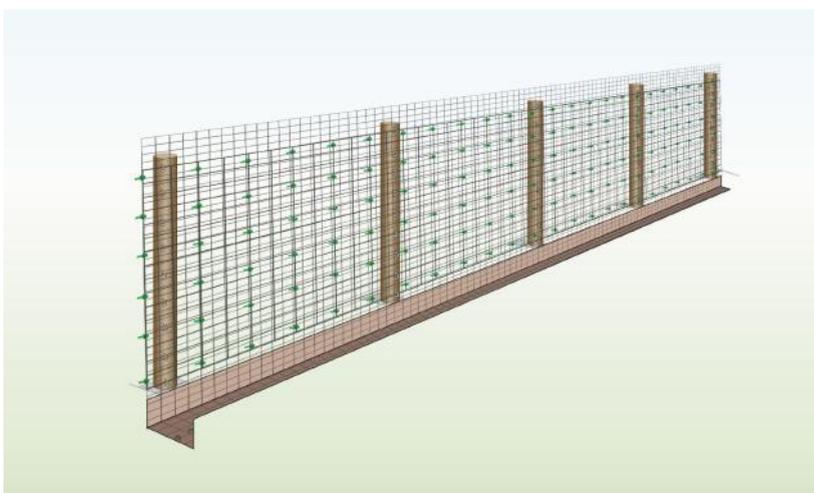
Allow for a 5-10cm overhang beyond the top of the existing fence to prevent potential entry points for rodents.

Use cable ties spaced at intervals of no more than 15cm to secure the



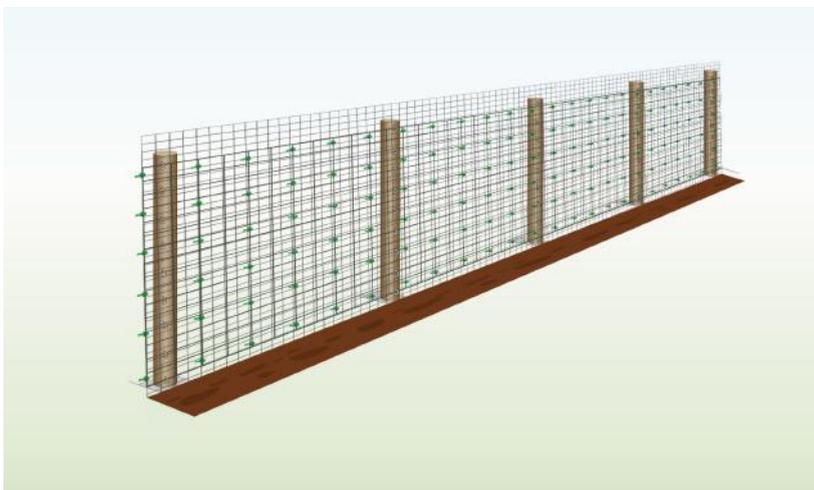
wire mesh to the existing fence as you progress.

Ensure there are no gaps or loose sections where rodents could get through. Maintain the mesh taut and free from wrinkles or folds.



Step 6: Finish Fence Run

Repeat step 4 & 5 until you finish the fence run.



Step 7: Cover trench

Use the soil you dug up previously to cover the trench with the mesh inside.

Step 8: Checking the Installation & Maintenance

Periodically inspect for any damage



Make sure that there are no gaps or openings

After completing the installation, conduct a thorough inspection to ensure there are no gaps or openings for rodents to enter.

Tighten and secure the wire mesh with additional staples or cable ties if necessary.

Regularly inspect the fence for any damage or signs of wear, and promptly repair or replace any damaged sections as needed.

Do-s & Don't-s

- avoid leaving food or pet food outside as it can attract rodents;
- avoid using cardboard boxes accessible to nesting rodents;
- regularly mow the lawn to deter hiding spots for rodents;
- clean up dropped seeds from bird feeders;
- remove fallen seeds, nuts, and fruits from your yard, including any fruit that has fallen from trees;
- remove any debris, such as rock piles or old equipment, from your surroundings;
- clean the trash areas;

- periodically inspect for signs of wear and tear, such as rusting or holes, indicating the need for replacement sooner rather than later;
- you can use the rodent mesh to cover various entry points around your home or simply plug and repair all cracks and gaps. These include foundation walls, exposed pipes, entry doors, garage doors, porches, decks, air vents, gutters, and floor drains, among others;
- keep in mind that rats and mice possess the ability to climb almost any rough vertical surface, including wood, brick, concrete, and weathered sheet metal;
- rats and mice are capable of gnawing through a wide variety of materials, including wood, rubber, vinyl, plastic, and concrete block.